1. Given two formulas representing the same compound:

Formula A CH₃ Formula B C₂H₆

Which statement describes these formulas?

- 1) Formulas A and B are both empirical.
- 2) Formulas A and B are both molecular.
- 3) Formula A is empirical, and formula Bis molecular.
- 4) Formula A is molecular, and formula Bis empirical.
- 2. Given the formula representing a hydrocarbon:

The molecular formula and the empirical formula for this hydrocarbon are

- 1) C_5H_{10} and CH 3) C_4H_8 and CH_2
- 2) C_5H_{10} and CH 4) C_4H_8 and CH_3
- 3. The formula H_9O_9 is an example of
 - 1) a molecular formula
 - 2) an empirical formula
 - 3) an ionic formula
 - 4) a structural formula
- 4. Which formula is both a molecular and an empirical formula?
 - 1) $C_6H_{12}O_6$
- 3) C₃H₈O 4) C₄H₈
- 2) $C_9H_4O_9$

- 5. The sum of the atomic masses of the atoms in one molecule of $C_3H_6Br_2$ is called the
 - 1) formula mass
 - 2) isotopic mass
 - 3) percent abundance
 - 4) percent composition
- 6. The gram-formula mass of NO₂ is defined as the mass of
 - 1) one mole of NO₂
 - 2) one molecule of NO₉
 - 3) two moles of NO
 - 4) two molecules of NO
- 7. A 1.0-mole sample of krypton gas has a mass of
 - 1) 19 g
- 3) 39 g
- 2) 36 g
- 4) 84 g
- 8. The gram-formula mass of a compound is 48 grams. The mass of 1.0 mole of this compound is
 - 1) 1.0 g
- 3) 48 g
- 2) 4.8 g
- 4) 480 g
- 9. What is the total number of oxygen atoms in the formula $MgSO_4 \cdot 7 H_2O$? [The • represents seven units of $\bar{H_2}O$ attached to one unit of MgSO₄.]



3) 5

2) 7

- 4) 4
- 10. Which quantity of particles is correctly represented by the formula H₂SO₄?
 - 1) 1.0 mole of ions
 - 2) 1.0 mole of molecules
 - 3) 6.0×10^{23} ions
 - 4) 6.0×10^{23} atoms
- 11. What is the percent composition by mass of nitrogen in NH₄NO₃?
 - 1) 17.5%
- 3) 52.5%
- 2) 35.0%
- 4) 60.0%

- 12. A sample of a compound contains 65.4 percent zinc, 12.0 percent carbon, and 48.0 percent oxygen. What is the empirical formula of this compound? 1) 1:1:2 3) 1:4:6 2) 1:1:3 4) 5:1:4 13. A sample of a compound contains 65.4 grams of zinc, 12.0 grams of carbon, and 48.0 grams of oxygen. What is the mole ratio of zinc to carbon to oxygen in this compound? 1) 1:1:2 3) 1:4:6 2) 1:1:3 4) 5:1:4 14. A compound has a molar mass of 90. grams per mole and the empirical formula CH ₉O. What is the molecular formula of this compound? 3) C₃H₆O₃ 4) C₄H₈O₄ 1) CH₉O 2) $C_9H_4O_9$ 15. A substance has an empirical formula of CH 2 and a molar mass of 56 grams per mole. The molecular formula for this compound is 1) CH₂ 3) C_4H_8 C_4H_6 4) C_8H_4 16. What is the percent composition by mass of sulfur in the compound $MgSO_4$ (gramformula mass = 120. grams per mole)? 1) 20% 3) 46% 2) 27% 4) 53% 17. The percent composition by mass of nitrogen in NH₄OH (gram-formula mass = 35 grams/mole) is equal to 1) $\frac{4}{35} \times 100$ 3) $\frac{35}{14} \times 100$ 2) $\frac{14}{35} \times 100$ 4) $35/4 \times 100$ 18. What is the percent composition by mass of
- 18. What is the percent composition by mass of hydrogen in NH₄HCO₃ (gram-formula mass = 79 grams/mole)?
 1) 5.1%
 2) 6.3%
 3) 10.%
 4) 50.%

Base your answers to questions 19 and 20 on the information below.

The Solvay process is a multistep industrial process used to produce washing soda, Na $_2\text{CO}_3$ (s). In the last step of the Solvay process, NaHCO $_3$ (s) is heated to 300°C, producing washing soda, water, and carbon dioxide. This reaction is represented by the balanced equation below.

$$2NaHCO_3(s) + heat \rightarrow Na_2CO_3(s) H_2O(g) + CO_2(g)$$

- 19. Write the IUPAC name for washing soda.
- 20. Identify the type of chemical reaction represented by the equation.
- 21. The reaction,

Ba(NO₃)₂(aq) + Na₂SO₄(aq)
$$\rightarrow$$
 2 NaNO₃(aq) + BaSO₄(s),

occurs (goes to completion) because a

- 1) gas is formed
- 2) precipitate is formed
- 3) nonionized product is formed
- 4) soluble salt is formed

22.
$$F_2(g) + CaBr_2(g) \rightarrow CaF_2(g) + Br_2(g)$$

What type of reaction is shown above?

- 1) synthesis
- 2) decomposition
- 3) single replacement
- 4) double replacement
- 23. Given the balanced equation representing a reaction:

$$Zn(s) + H_2SO_4(aq) \rightarrow ZnSO_4(aq) + H_2(g)$$

Which type of reaction is represented by this equation?

- 1) decomposition
- 2) double replacement
- 3) single replacement
- 4) synthesis

24. Given the reaction at 101.3 kilopascals and 298 K:

hydrogen gas + iodine gas \rightarrow hydrogen iodide gas

This reaction is classified as

- 1) endothermic, because heat is absorbed
- 2) endothermic, because heat is released
- 3) exothermic, because heat is absorbed
- 4) exothermic, because heat is released
- 25. During all chemical reactions, mass, energy, and charge are
 - 1) absorbed
- 3) formed
- 2) conserved
- 4) released
- 26. Given the balanced equation representing a reaction:

$$H^+(aq) + OH^-(aq) \rightarrow H_2O(\ell) + energy$$

In this reaction there is a conservation of

- 1) mass, only
- 2) mass and charge, only
- 3) charge and energy, only
- 4) charge, energy, and mass
- 27. What is the total number of moles in 80.0 grams of C_2H_5Cl (gram-formula mass = 64.5 grams/mole)?

- 28. A balanced equation representing a chemical reaction can be written using
 - 1) chemical formulas and mass numbers
 - 2) chemical formulas and coefficients
 - 3) first ionization energies and mass numbers
 - 4) first ionization energies and coefficients
- 29. Given the balanced equation representing a reaction:

$$4NH_3 + 5O_2 \rightarrow 4NO + 6H_9O$$

What is the *minimum* number of moles of O ₂ that are needed to completely react with 16 moles of NH₂?

- 1) 16 mol
- 3) 64 mol
- 2) 20. mol
- 4) 80. mol
- 30. Given the incomplete equation:

$$4\text{Fe} + 3\text{O}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{X}$$

Which compound is represented by X?

- 1) FeO
- 2) Fe₂O₃
- 3) Fe_3O_2
- 4) Fe₃O₄
- 31. Given the balanced equation representing a reaction:

$$Mg(s) + Ni^{2+}(aq) \rightarrow Mg^{2+}(aq) + Ni(s)$$

What is the total number of moles of electrons lost by Mg(s) when 2.0 moles of electrons are gained by Ni²⁺(aq)?

- 1) 1.0 mol
- 3) 3.0 mol
- 2) 2.0 mol
- 4) 4.0 mol

32. Given the balanced equation representing a reaction:

$$C_3H_8(g) + 5O_2(g) \rightarrow 3CO_2(g) + 4H_2O(g)$$

What is the total number of moles of $O_2(g)$ required for the complete combustion of 1.5 moles of $C_3H_8(g)$?

- 1) .30 mol
- 3) 4.5 mol
- 2) 1.5 mol
- 4) 7.5 mol
- 33. Which balanced equation represents a single-replacement reaction?

1)
$$Mg + 2AgNO_3 \rightarrow Mg(NO_3)_2 + 2Ag$$

- 2) $2Mg + O_2 \rightarrow 2MgO$
- 3) $MgCO_3 \rightarrow MgO + CO_2$
- 4) $\operatorname{MgCl}_2 + 2\operatorname{AgNO}_3 \rightarrow 2\operatorname{AgCl} + \operatorname{Mg(NO}_3)_2$
- 34. In which type of reaction do two or more substances combine to produce a single substance?
 - 1) synthesis
 - 2) decomposition
 - 3) single replacement
 - 4) double replacement
- 35. Given the incomplete equation for the combustion of ethane:

$$2C_2H_6 + 7O_2 \rightarrow 4CO_2 + 6$$

What is the formula of the missing product?

- 1) CH₃OH
- 3) H₂O
- 2) HCŎOH
- 4) $H_2^2O_2$
- 36. Which chemical equation is correctly balanced?
 - 1) $H_9(g) + O_9(g) \rightarrow H_2O(g)$
 - 2) $N_2(g) + H_2(g) \rightarrow NH_3(g)$
 - 3) $2\text{NaCl(s)} \rightarrow \text{Na(s)} + \text{Cl}_2(g)$
 - 4) $2KCl(s) \rightarrow 2K(s) + Cl_2(g)$

Bas	se your answers to questions 37 and 38 on the information below.
	an experiment, 2.54 grams of copper completely reacts with sulfur, producing 3.18 grams of copper(I) and the copper of the coppe
37.	Determine the total mass of sulfur consumed.
38.	. Write the chemical formula of the compound produced.
Dag	a your appropriate questions 20 through 41 and the information below
Das	e your answers to questions 39 through 41 on the information below.
the	ablet of one antacid contains citric acid, $H_3C_6H_5O_7$, and sodium hydrogen carbonate, NaHCO3. When tablet dissolves in water, bubbles of CO_2 are produced. This reaction is represented by the incomplete ation below.
H ₃ ($C_6H_5O_7(aq) + 3NaHCO_3(aq) \rightarrow Na_3C_6H_5O_7(aq) + 3CO_2(g) + 3 (d)$
39.	Determine the total number of moles of sodium hydrogen carbonate that will completely react with 0.010 mole of citric acid.
40.	State evidence that a chemical reaction occurred when the tablet was placed in the water.
41.	write the formula of the missing product.
	

42. Base your answer to the following question on the information below.

The catalytic converter in an automobile changes harmful gases produced during fuel combustion to less harmful exhaust gases. In the catalytic converter, nitrogen dioxide reacts with carbon monoxide to produce nitrogen and carbon dioxide. In addition, some carbon monoxide reacts with oxygen, producing carbon dioxide in the converter. These reactions are represented by the balanced equations

Reaction 1: $2NO_2(g) + 4CO(g) \rightarrow N_2(g) + 4CO_2(g) + 1198.4 \text{ kJ}$ Reaction 2: $2CO(g) + O_2(g) \rightarrow 2CO_2(g) + 566.0 \text{ kJ}$

below.

Determine the oxidation number of carbon in *each* carbon compound in reaction 2. Your response must include *both* the sign and value of *each* oxidation number.

43. Balance below using the smallest whole-number coefficients.

$$_Mg(s) + __HCl(aq) \rightarrow __MgCl_2(aq) + __H_2(g)$$

44.	Base your answer to the	following question on t	the information bel	low.

A 1.0-gram strip of zinc is reacted with hydrochloric acid in a test tube. The unbalanced equation below represents the reaction.

$$_{---}$$
 Zn(s) + $_{---}$ HCl(aq) \rightarrow $_{---}$ H₂(g) + $_{---}$ ZnCl₂(aq)

Balance the equation for the reaction of zinc and hydrochloric acid, using the smallest whole-number coefficients

45. Determine the mass of 5.20 moles of C_6H_{12} (gram-formula mass = 84.2 grams/mole)