Regents Chemistry Periodic Table Practice Test A



1.401110	Period	
Name		

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	nich elements conta sitive oxidation sta a) alkali metals		n colored ions and c) transition e	d have more than one lements
	b) alkaline earth m	netals	d) noble gases	
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2) VV	hich elements have and Na	b) K and Ca	c) K and Cl	d) K and S
3) W	hich element in Peri	od 3 has the <i>grea</i>	test tendency to	gain electrons?
	a) Ar	b) Cl	c) Si	d) Na
4) Ho	ow many halogens ar	e in Period 3 of th	e Periodic Table:	•
	a) 3	b) 1	c) 4	d) 2
5) W	hich of the following	•	•	on energy?
	a) sodium	b) aluminum	c) calcium	d) phosphorus
6) Th	ie element with the	<i>hiahest</i> electrone	aativity is	
,	a) chlorine	b) bromine	c) fluorine	d) iodine
7) Tn	the modern Periodi	c Table the eleme	ents are arrange	d according to
, ,	a) atomic mass	c rable, me cleme	c) mass	-
	b) atomic number			ation number
	n atom of an elemen ement is	t contains 20 prot	ons, 20 neutrons	, and 20 electrons. The
Ci	a) an alkali metal		c) an alkaline e	earth metal
	b) a noble gas		d) a halogen	
9) A	diatomic element wi a) nonmetal with a b) metal with a hig c) metal with a low d) nonmetal with a	high electronegat gh electronegativit v electronegativity	rivity ty	nost likely be a
10) <i>A</i>	s we move down the	e elements in Grou	-	negativity of the elements
	a) increases	b) decreas	ses ¢) remains the same
11) W	/hat element is in G	roup 2 and Period	7 of the Periodic	: Table?
=	a) magnesium	b) radon	c) manganese	d) radium

12) Alkali metals, alkalir a) 1, 2, and 14		nd halogens are f c) 1, 2, and 17	ound respectively in Groups d) 2, 13, and 17	
•	smaller radius is ar charge	primarily a result c) a lar	ntomic radius of a magnesium of the magnesium atom havir ger nuclear charge e principal energy levels	
14) Atoms of metallic e a) gain electrons b) lose electrons			electrons and form positive i electrons and form negative	
15) Which element is co a) sulfur	onsidered a <i>malled</i> b) radon	<i>able</i> substance? c) hydrogen	d) gold	
16) As we consider the decrease in a) ionization ener b) metallic chara	'9 y	d 2 from left to r c) nonmetallic d) electroneg		
17) Which period conta a) 1	ins the <i>greatest</i> r b) 2	number of metals? c) 3	d) 4	
of each element dec a) the nuclear ch b) the number of c) the distance b	reases. One reaso arge is decreasing principal energy	on for this is that 3 levels is decreasi ce electron and th		i y
19) Which is the <i>most</i> o	active metal in the b) Fr	e Periodic Table o c) Cl	f Elements? d) F	
20) The properties of b a) a metal only b) a nonmetal onl		c) both a	metal and a nonmetal a metal nor a nonmetal	
21) Which compound co a) CaS	ntains an alkaline b) Rb ₂ S	earth metal and c c) RbC		

 22) Metals outnumber nonmetals a) are close to having a full b) have 1 to 2 valence elect 23) As we move from left to right 	octet c) have a rons d) have a	high ionization energy high electronegativity
a) increases b) decreases		c) stays the same
24) As we move from left to right a) increases	t on the periodic table, t b) decreases	he reactivity of nonmetals c) stays the same
25) Which of the following general a) high ionization energy, lob b) high ionization energy, has c) low ionization energy, lob d) high ionization energy, lob	w electronegativity, high igh electronegativity, high v electronegativity, low r	reactivity the reactivity eactivity

Short Answer

1)	Name two properties of nonmetals that make them unsuitable for use in electrical wiring. Explain why each of these properties makes them unsuitable.		
2)	Use the list of elements below to answer the questions that follow.		
	Na, Ni, N, Mg, Rb, B		
	a) Choose the two elements which would have the most similar chemical properties. [Explain why]		
	b) Which of the elements is the most reactive metal?		
	c) Which of the elements is the most reactive nonmetal?		
	d) Which element has the highest electronegativity? Explain why		

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3) A neutral atom in the ground state has the electron configuration 2-8-18-7.	
a) State the group and period this element is found on the Periodic Table.	
b) Identify this element.	
c) Classify this element as a metal, nonmetal, or metalloid.	
d) In the box below, draw a Lewis electron-dot structure for this element.	
e) List <i>two</i> other elements likely to have properties similar to this element.	
1) The radius of a calcium ion is <i>smaller</i> than the radius of a calcium atom because the calcium ion contains the same nuclear charge and	
a) fewer electrons c) more protons b) fewer protons d) more electrons	